

## **COMMUNICATION FORMAT FOR ADI PANEL AND MODICON PLC:**

Automation Displays control graphic panels can communicate using the Modbus ASCII data format as described in the Modicon Protocol Reference Guide PI-MBUS-300. You can connect ADI control graphics to the Modbus serial ports on the Modicon Bridgemux unit, for example.

Ladder logic refers to the first register as #1. The Modbus data command for that register uses a binary value of 0. For convenience, this text will use the ladder logic convention.

## **REPORTING SWITCHES FROM THE ADI PANEL TO THE Modicon PLC:**

The ADI panel uses the "PRESET MULTIPLE REGISTERS" function code 16 (10 hex) command to report switch status to the 4X registers in the PLC. When a switch is activated, a single bit is set. Each PLC register holds sixteen bits, so sixteen switches are stored in each register. The ADI panel maintains a memory image of all of the switches, so it is able to fill in all sixteen bits of the register. The PLC should not modify these registers.

When a graphic panel switch is released, the ADI interface clears the associated register bit using the same "PRESET MULTIPLE REGISTERS" command.

Each switch requires a unique register bit address. For example, a switch for door 101 might use 4X register 40024, bit 7.

## **CONTROLLING ADI LEDS FROM THE Modicon PLC:**

The ADI panel uses the "READ HOLDING REGISTERS" function code 03 command to read the LED status from the PLC. The PLC uses two bits to represent each LED. A single 16-bit PLC register controls eight LEDs. For each LED, the two bits are encoded as follows:

00 = LED off  
01 = LED slow flash  
10 = LED fast flash  
11 = LED on

Each LED requires a unique register bit address. For example, the first LED might use register 1, bits 1 & 2. In this text, bit 1 refers to the least significant bit, and bit 16 refers to the most significant bit.

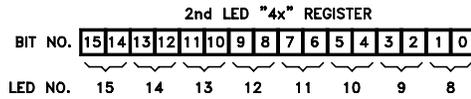
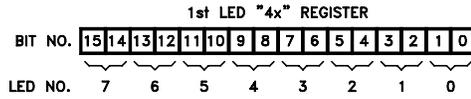
It is not practical to use a single bit per LED because steady flash rates cannot be supported.

## **USING THE ADI Z-NET:**

The ADI Z-Net is a proprietary network protocol that can interconnect up to eight graphic panels so that they appear as one large panel to the PLC.

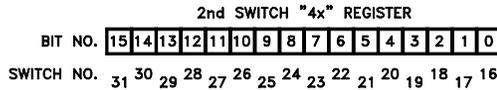
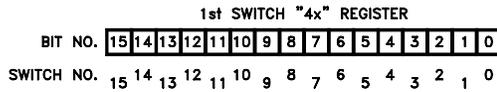
Each switch & LED on the interconnected panels must have a unique address, even if the panels are visually and functionally identical.

The Z-Net wiring requires a single twisted-shielded pair. The panels are wired in daisy chain configuration, with total length up to 2000 feet. Communication uses the RS-485 standard, and runs at 76.8K baud.



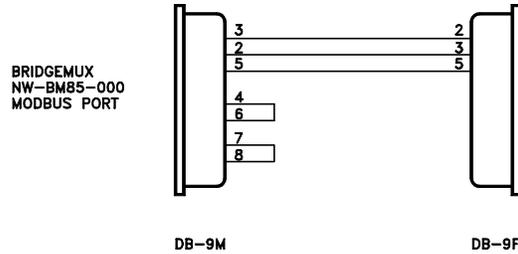
BIT VALUE    0 0 = LED OFF  
                  0 1 = LED SLOW FLASH  
                  1 0 = LED FAST FLASH  
                  1 1 = LED ON

LED BITS SET BY CUSTOMER,  
 POLLED BY ADI PANEL USING MODBUS ASCII DATA FORMAT.



BIT VALUE    0 = SWITCH OFF  
                  1 = SWITCH ON

SWITCH BITS SET BY ADI PANEL  
 USING MODBUS ASCII DATA FORMAT.



MODICON PORT TO ADI Z-CARD RS-232 CABLE DIAGRAM

MODBUS PORT 1, 2, 3, OR 4.  
 ADDITIONAL MODBUS PLUS PORT  
 CONNECTS BRIDGEMUX TO PLC.

USE BRIDGEMUX IN ASCII MODE, SET TO  
 "MASTER" SO IT WILL EXPECT A MASTER  
 TO BE CONNECTED.

PORT PARAMETERS:  
 7 DATA BITS,  
 EVEN PARITY,  
 1 STOP BIT.

USE 19.2K BAUD FOR BEST SWITCH AND  
 LED RESPONSE TIMES.